



VUIUITIC JT, 133UC T

Pages: 1073-1496, e1378-e1989

October/December 2019

< Previous Issue | Next Issue >

≔ GO TO SECTION

"" Export Citation(s)

ISSUE INFORMATION

Free Access

Issue Information

Pages: 1073-1076 | First Published: 10 December 2019

Abstract | PDF | Request permissions

EDITORIALS

Editorial for HPM 34:4

Calum Paton

Pages: 1077 | First Published: 10 December 2019

Full text | PDF | Request permissions

RESEARCH ARTICLES

Open Access

India's family planning market and opportunities for the private sector: An analysis using the total market approach

Arupendra Mozumdar, Rajib Acharya, Subrato Kumar Mondal, Amit Arun Shah, Niranjan Saggurti

Pages: 1078-1096 | First Published: 15 March 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

The impacts of socioeconomic status and lifestyle on health status of residents: Evidence from Chinese General Social Survey data

Jian Sun, Shoujun Lyu, Zheng Dai

Pages: 1097-1108 | First Published: 15 March 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Slovenian health care system and possibilities for freelance medical specialists

Boštjan Kušar, Dragica Maja Smrke, Mojca Bernik

Pages: 1109-1120 | First Published: 15 March 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Can telehealth reduce health care expenditure? A lesson from German health insurance data

Andree Ehlert, Dirk Oberschachtsiek

Pages: 1121-1132 | First Published: 29 March 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Palestinian managers' views and practices regarding the prevention of home injuries: An explorative qualitative study

Intima A. Alrimawi, Michael Craig Watson, Carol Hall, Mohammed ALBashtawy, Nabeel Al-Yateem

Pages: 1133-1143 | First Published: 29 March 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Critical analysis of nurses' labour market effectiveness in Canada: The hidden aspects of the shortage

Ruolz Ariste, Ali Béjaoui, Anyck Dauphin

Pages: 1144-1154 | First Published: 04 April 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Open Access

Multivariate analyses of the global acceptability rates of male intimate partner violence (IPV) against women based on W orld V alues S urvey data

Arno Tausch

Pages: 1155-1194 | First Published: 12 April 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Hospital volume and outcomes for inpatients with acute myocardial infarction in Shanxi, China: A cross-sectional study

Ziling Ni, Xiaojun Lin, Ying Wang, Tianyu Jiang, Hongbing Tao

Pages: 1195-1204 | First Published: 12 April 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Urgent care centre in Sweden— the integration of teams and perceived effects

Ingela Wennman, Malin Wittholt, Eric Carlström, Tobias Carlsson, Amir Khorram-Manesh

Pages: 1205-1216 | First Published: 12 April 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Factors associated with misreporting in performance-based financing in Burkina Faso: Implications for risk-based verification

Naasegnibe Kuunibe, Julia Lohmann, Michael Schleicher, Jean-Louis Koulidiati, Paul Jacob Robyn, Zambendé Zigani, Adama Sanon, Manuela De Allegri

Pages: 1217-1237 | First Published: 17 April 2019

Changes in hospital CEO profiles in Poland—Professionalisation of management?

Marcin Kautsch, Roksana Dela

Pages: 1238-1250 | First Published: 17 April 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Open Access

Performance of care for end-of-life cancer patients in Tuscany: The interplay between place of care, aggressive treatments, opioids, and place of death. A retrospective cohort study

Francesca Ferrè, Bruna Vinci, Anna Maria Murante

Pages: 1251-1264 | First Published: 17 April 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Health sector decentralisation in Tanzania: Analysis of decision space in human resources for health management

Ramadhani Kigume, Stephen Maluka

Pages: 1265-1276 | First Published: 17 April 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Judicialization of the right to health: (Un)compliance of the judicial decisions in Medellin, Colombia

Diego Gómez-Ceballos, Isabel Craveiro, Luzia Gonçalves

Pages: 1277-1289 | First Published: 17 April 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

What is the health cost of haze pollution? Evidence from China

Yu Hao, Mingyuan Zhao, Zhi-Nan Lu

Pages: 1290-1303 | First Published: 26 April 2019

Understanding the limitations of "quasi-mandatory" approaches to enrolment in community-based health insurance: Empirical evidence from Tanzania

Adeline Ajuaye, Boris Verbrugge, Jan Van Ongevalle, Patrick Develtere

Pages: 1304-1318 | First Published: 26 April 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Supplemental Security Income enrollment and health care and social assistance employment and wages

Lawrence C. Pellegrini, Kimberley H. Geissler

Pages: 1319-1332 | First Published: 16 May 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Visualizing the knowledge structure of medication-adherence research: A bibliometric analysis (1997-2016)

Liping Ye, Xinping Zhang

Pages: 1333-1353 | First Published: 11 July 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

An investigation of the determinants for community pharmacists' positive image and the needs for community pharmacists' services in Taiwan

Kuang-hsun Tseng, Elizabeth H. Chang, Yu Ko

Pages: 1354-1363 | First Published: 26 April 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Identification and ranking of specific balanced scorecard performance measures for hospitals: A case study of private hospitals in the Klang Valley area, Malaysia

Farshad Behrouzi, Azanizawati Ma'aram

Pages: 1364-1376 | First Published: 26 April 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Nonattendance rates of scheduled outpatient appointments in a university general hospital

Diego Hernan Giunta, Marina Alonso Serena

Pages: 1377-1385 | First Published: 07 May 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

The pilot results of 47 148 cases of BJ-DRGs-based payment in China

Jun-Qun Zeng

Pages: 1386-1398 | First Published: 08 July 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

HIV testing uptake among pregnant women attending private midwife clinics: challenges of scaling up universal HIV testing at the private sectors in Indonesia

Luh Putu Lila Wulandari, Dinar S.M. Lubis, Putu Widarini, Desak Nyoman Widyanthini, I. Made Ady Wirawan, Dewa Nyoman Wirawan

Pages: 1399-1407 | First Published: 23 May 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Open Access

Health system performance assessment in small countries: The case study of Latvia

Guido Noto, Ilaria Corazza, Kristīne Kļaviņa, Jana Lepiksone, Sabina Nuti

Pages: 1408-1422 | First Published: 15 May 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Coping strategies of cancer patients in Ukraine

Olena Levenets, Tetiana Stepurko, Abel Polese, Milena Pavlova, Wim Groot

Pages: 1423-1438 | First Published: 16 May 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Exploring staff experience of economic efficiency requirements in health care: A mixed method study

Sara Korlén, Isis Amer-Wåhlin, Peter Lindgren, Ulrica von Thiele Schwarz

Pages: 1439-1455 | First Published: 15 May 2019

Sexual risk associated with gambling among the youth in Rubaga Division, Kampala

Victor Kiwujja, John Francis Mugisha

Pages: 1456-1468 | First Published: 09 May 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

SPECIAL REPORTS

Promoting patient safety in Bhutan: Challenges and priority strategies for accelerating progress

Rinchen Pelzang

Pages: 1469-1476 | First Published: 17 April 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Health system redesign: Changing thoughts, values, and behaviours for the coproduction of a safety culture

Kathy Eljiz, David Greenfield, Alison Derrett, Simon Radmore

Pages: 1477-1484 | First Published: 23 May 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

The effects of the financial crisis on the general and dental health status of Greek citizens

Konstantinos Vlasiadis, Euaggelia Samaritaki, Maria Koutsamani, Theocharis Konstantinidis, Ioannis G. Tzoutzas

Pages: 1485-1496 | First Published: 09 May 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

REVIEWS

Abortion among adolescents in Africa: A review of practices, consequences, and control strategies

Shallon Atuhaire

Pages: e1378-e1386 | First Published: 09 July 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

A review of the incidence and determinants of catastrophic health expenditure in Nigeria: Implications for universal health coverage

Ijeoma Nkem Okedo-Alex, Ifeyinwa Chizoba Akamike, Obumneme Benaiah Ezeanosike, Chigozie Jesse Uneke

Pages: e1387-e1404 | First Published: 16 July 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Building the health workforce: Saudi Arabia's challenges in achieving Vision 2030

Fahad Albejaidi, Kesavan S. Nair

Pages: e1405-e1416 | First Published: 12 August 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

RESEARCH ARTICLES

A spatio-temporal cluster analysis of technical efficiency in the production of outpatient maternal health services and its structural correlates in México

Edson Serván-Mori, Miguel Ángel Mendoza, Carlos Chivardi, Carlos Pineda-Antúnez, Roxana Rodríguez-Franco, Gustavo Nigenda

Pages: e1417-e1436 | First Published: 12 June 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Analyzing inappropriate magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) prescriptions and resulting economic burden on patients suffering from back pain

Nader Jahanmehr, Atieh Sadat Bigdeli, Hedayat Salari, Hussein Mokarami, Soheila KhodaKarim, Soheila Damiri

Pages: e1437-e1447 | First Published: 04 July 2019

Case study on vibration health risk and comfort levels in loading crane trucks

José Gilberto Picoral Filho, Mário Fedatto Neto, Juan Pablo Raggio Quintas, Herbert Martins Gomes

Pages: e1448-e1463 | First Published: 23 May 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Open Access

The stipulation-stimulation spiral: A model of system change

Sara A. Kreindler

Pages: e1464-e1477 | First Published: 23 May 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Determinants of individual healthcare expenditure: A cross-sectional analysis in rural Burkina Faso

Meike Irene Nakovics, Stephan Brenner, Paul Jacob Robyn, Ludovic Deo Gracias Tapsoba, Manuela De Allegri

Pages: e1478-e1494 | First Published: 21 June 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Leadership in limbo: Characteristics of successful incident commanders in health sector of a disaster-prone country

Ali Nasiri, Aidin Aryankhesal, Hamidreza Khankeh

Pages: e1495-e1509 | First Published: 15 July 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Cost of providing emergency obstetric care in Tanzania's Kigoma region

Tewodaj Mengistu, Andrés Berruti, Anna Krivelyova, Meghan Swor, Rachel Waite, Godson Maro

Pages: e1510-e1519 | First Published: 03 July 2019

Differences in the health behaviors of elderly individuals and influencing factors: Evidence from the Chinese L ongitudinal H ealthy L ongevity S urvey

Erpeng Liu, Yan Feng, Zhang Yue, Qilin Zhang, Tiankuo Han

Pages: e1520-e1532 | First Published: 31 May 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

The calendar year fallacy: The danger of reliance on calendar year data in end-oflife capacity and financial planning

Rodney P. Jones

Pages: e1533-e1543 | First Published: 04 July 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Patients' choice and preference for common disease diagnosis and diabetes care: A discrete choice experiment

Jingrong Zhu, Jinlin Li, Zengbo Zhang, Hao Li

Pages: e1544-e1555 | First Published: 03 July 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Open Access

Collaboration for drug prevention: Is it possible in a "siloed" governmental structure?

Olin Oldeide, Elisabeth Fosse, Ingrid Holsen

Pages: e1556-e1568 | First Published: 08 July 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

The impact of out-of-pocket health expenditure on household impoverishment: Evidence from Morocco

Meriem Oudmane, Fouzi Mourji, Abdeljaouad Ezzrari

Pages: e1569-e1585 | First Published: 22 July 2019

Reasons for longer LOS at the emergency departments: Practical, patient-centred, medical, or cultural?

Amir Khorram-Manesh, Ingela Wennman, Björn Andersson, Lina Dahlén Holmqvist, Tobias Carlson, Eric Carlström

Pages: e1586-e1596 | First Published: 04 July 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Type of health care workers and quality of antenatal and delivery care in communities of Myanmar: An experience- and vignette-based study

Thida Thida, Tippawan Liabsuetrakul

Pages: e1597-e1608 | First Published: 10 July 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Primary care reforms in managing chronic diseases in Xiamen, China: A tentative assessment

Yanbing Zeng, Zhipeng Yuan, Lele Chen, Jielong Wu, Fan Chen, Ya Fang

Pages: e1609-e1620 | First Published: 18 July 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Health insurance enrolment in the Upper West Region of Ghana: Does food security matter?

Roger Antabe, Kilian Nasung Atuoye, Yujiro Sano, Vincent Zubedaar Kuuire, Sylvester Zachariah Galaa, Isaac Luginaah

Pages: e1621-e1632 | First Published: 18 July 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Understanding public health insurance in India: A design perspective

Dayashankar Maurya

Pages: e1633-e1650 | First Published: 23 July 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Impact of improved primary care on patient satisfaction: Results of a pilot study in the University of the Philippines

Regine Ynez H. De Mesa, Cara Lois T. Galingana, Jose Rafael A. Marfori, Mia P. Rey, Nannette B. Sundiang, Jayson T. Celeste, Leonila F. Dans, Antonio Miguel L. Dans, Jesusa T. Catabui

Pages: e1651-e1660 | First Published: 29 July 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

∂ Open Access

China's policy experimentation on long-term care insurance: Implications for access

Yumei Zhu, August Österle

Pages: e1661-e1674 | First Published: 05 August 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Effect of accreditation and certification on the quality management system: Analysis based on Turkish hospitals

Mustafa Said Yıldız, Zekai Öztürk, Mehmet Topal, M. Mahmud Khan

Pages: e1675-e1687 | First Published: 06 August 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

An unintended consequence of provider payment reform: The case of capitation grants in the National Health Insurance reform of Indonesia

Si Ying Tan, Jiwei Qian

Pages: e1688-e1710 | First Published: 18 August 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Applying lean management to reduce radiology turnaround times for emergency department

Chiara Verbano, Maria Crema

Pages: e1711-e1722 | First Published: 08 August 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Appraisal of the methodological quality of clinical practice guidelines in the Philippines

Red Thaddeus D. Miguel, Maria Asuncion A. Silvestre, Ma. Lourdes S. Imperial, Beverly Lorraine C. Ho, Leonila F. Dans

Pages: e1723-e1735 | First Published: 21 August 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Breast cancer treatment pathway improvement using time-driven activity-based costing

Véronique Nabelsi, Véronique Plouffe

Pages: e1736-e1746 | First Published: 20 August 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Depression and health-related quality of life among Cambodian patients with cancer

Rany Vorn, Socheat Touch, Eunjung Ryu

Pages: e1747-e1759 | First Published: 15 August 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Rural-urban disparity in risk exposure to involuntary social health insurance transition in China: An investigation of chronic disease patients' mental health problems

Jiannan Li, Bocong Yuan

Pages: e1760-e1773 | First Published: 30 August 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Impact of type 2 diabetes mellitus and physical activity on medication costs in older adults

Kelly Akemi Kikuti-Koyama, Henrique Luiz Monteiro, Ítalo Ribeiro Lemes, Luana Carolina de Morais, Rômulo Fernandes, Bruna Turi-Lynch, Jamile Codogno

Pages: e1774-e1782 | First Published: 22 August 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Comprehensive measurement of health system performance at district level in India: Generation of a composite index

Atul Sharma, Shankar Prinja, Arun Kumar Aggarwal

Pages: e1783-e1799 | First Published: 19 August 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Factors influencing residents' decision to sign with family doctors under the new health care reform in China

Xiaoyan Zhang, Xiaona Zhang, Shiyu Yang, Yuxuan Wang

Pages: e1800-e1809 | First Published: 20 August 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Lots of little ones: Analysis of charitable donations to a hospice and palliative care unit in Taiwan

Ya-Chuan Hsu, Feng-Yuan Chu, Tzeng-Ji Chen, Li-Fang Chou, Hsiao-Ting Chang, Ming-Hwai Lin, Shinn-Jang Hwang

Pages: e1810-e1819 | First Published: 22 August 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Factors influencing missed nursing care in public hospitals in Australia: An exploratory mixed methods study

Rania Albsoul, Gerard FitzGerald, Julie Finucane, Erika Borkoles

Pages: e1820-e1832 | First Published: 26 August 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

The impact of health reform in Iran on catastrophic health expenditures: Equity and policy implications

Elham Ahmadnezhad, Adrianna Murphy, Rezvaneh Alvandi, Zhaleh Abdi

Pages: e1833-e1845 | First Published: 27 August 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Inequity in utilizing health services in the Brazilian Amazon: A population-based survey, 2015

Tais Freire Galvao, Gustavo Magno Baldin Tiguman, Mónica Caicedo Roa, Marcus Tolentino Silva Pages: e1846-e1853 | First Published: 12 September 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Personalized diabetes management recommendations at hospital discharge based on a computerized, pre-hospitalization clinical profile analysis: A prospective, electronic health records-based study

Yishay Wasserstrum, Anat Peles-Bortz, Sara Dabahi, Irina Gringauz, Amir Tirosh, Eyal Zimlichman, Gad Segal

Pages: e1854-e1861 | First Published: 15 September 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Public-private partnerships in non-profit hospitals: Case study of China

Kun Wang, Yongjian Ke, Shankar Sankaran

Pages: e1862-e1898 | First Published: 04 September 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

SPECIAL REPORTS

The response of health systems to after-hours primary cares in Iran and the selected countries

Morteza Salemi, Aidin Aryankhesal, Mehdi Jafari

Pages: e1899-e1908 | First Published: 16 July 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Should I stay or should I go now? The impact of "pull" factors on physician decisions to remain in a destination country

Halah Ibrahim, Fatema Zain Al Sharif, Karthyayani Priya Satish, Lina Hassen, Satish Chandrasekhar Nair

Pages: e1909-e1920 | First Published: 06 June 2019

Lebanon's essential health care benefit package: A gateway for universal health coverage

Randa Hemadeh, Rawan Hammoud, Ola Kdouh

Pages: e1921-e1936 | First Published: 04 July 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Open Access

Co-creating a program for teams to maintain and reflect on their flexibility

Frank W.R. van Gool, Joyce J.P.A. Bierbooms, Inge M.B. Bongers, Richard T.J.M. Janssen

Pages: e1937-e1947 | First Published: 16 July 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Improving mental healthcare for the elderly in Belgium

Jef Adriaenssens, Nadia Benahmed, Céline Ricour

Pages: e1948-e1960 | First Published: 25 July 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Planned home birth in Slovenia—Are we ready?

Iztok Takač, Urška Belak, Denis Gorjup, Gorazd Kavšek, Eva Macun, Robert Medved, Barbara Mihevc Ponikvar, Helena Mole, Faris Mujezinović, Peter Najdenov, Anita Prelec, Tanja Premru Sršen, Milena Mikluš, Tamara Serdinšek, Monika Sobočan, Lili Steblovnik, Zdenka Tičar, Martina Horvat, Tina Jamšek, Darja Arko

Pages: e1961-e1967 | First Published: 22 August 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

PERSPECTIVES

Understanding the effectiveness of government health expenditure in improving health equity: Preliminary evidence from global health expenditure and child mortality rate

Jiannan Li, Bocong Yuan

Pages: e1968-e1979 | First Published: 21 June 2019

① Correction(s) for this article >

Understanding the effectiveness of government health expenditure in improving health equity: Preliminary evidence from global health expenditure and child mortality rate Volume 35, Issue 1, The International Journal of Health Planning and Management | pages: e218-e218 | First Published online: January 28, 2020

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Health system strengthening—Reflections on its meaning, assessment, and our state of knowledge

Sophie Witter, Natasha Palmer, Dina Balabanova, Sandra Mounier-Jack, Tim Martineau, Anna Klicpera, Charity Jensen, Miguel Pugliese-Garcia, Lucy Gilson

Pages: e1980-e1989 | First Published: 06 August 2019

Abstract | Full text | PDF | References | Request permissions

Tools

- Submit an Article
- Browse free sample issue
- Get content alerts
- Subscribe to this journal

More from this journal

- Ethics Policy
- Wiley Job Network
- Virtual Issue: People and Systems
- Virtual Issue: A Diverse Region
- lobs



Please contact us to see your job listed here

More jobs ▶

About Wiley Online Library

Privacy Policy Terms of Use Cookies Accessibility

Help & Support

Contact Us

Opportunities

Subscription Agents
Advertisers & Corporate Partners

Connect with Wiley

The Wiley Network Wiley Press Room

Copyright © 1999-2020 John Wiley & Sons, Inc. All rights reserved



Editorial Board

EDITOR-IN-CHIEF

Prof. Tiago Correia

Institute of Hygeine and Tropical Medicine NOVA University of Lisbon Rua da Junqueira, 100 1349-008 Lisbon Portugal

ASSOCIATE EDITORS

Prof. Mihajlo Jakovljevic, *Kragujevac, Serbia* Dr. Wesam Mansour, *Liverpool, UK*

Dr. Justin Matus, *Pennsylvania, USA*

Dr. Edson Serván-Mori, *Cuernavaca, Mexico* Prof. Xiaoming Sun, *Shanghai, P.R. China*

Prof. Marius Ungureanu, Cluj-Napoca, Romania

EDITORIAL ASSISTANT

Kausalya Boobalan <u>HPM@wiley.com</u>

EDITORIAL BOARD

Prof. Runo Axelsson, Goteborg, Sweden

Dr. Ruby Barrow, Keele, UK

Prof. Reinhard Busse, Berlin, Germany

Dr. Sarah Derrett, Dunedin, New Zealand

Prof. Gilles Dussault, Lisbon, Portugal

Prof. Andrew Green, Leeds, UK

Dr. Natalia Grigorieva, Moscow, Russia

Dr. Maggie Huff-Rousselle, Boston, USA

Dr. Limei Jing, Shanghai, China

Prof. Brad Kirkman-Liff, Tempe, USA



FIUI. NEIIIIEUI LEE

Tools

- Submit an Article
- **Browse free sample issue**
- Get content alerts
- Subscribe to this journal

More from this journal

Ethics Policy Wiley Job Network

Virtual Issue: People and Systems Virtual Issue: A Diverse Region

lobs



Please contact us to see your job listed here

RESEARCH ARTICLE

WILEY

HIV testing uptake among pregnant women attending private midwife clinics: challenges of scaling up universal HIV testing at the private sectors in Indonesia

Luh Putu Lila Wulandari^{1,2} Dinar S.M. Lubis^{1,2} Lubis Putu Widarini^{1,2} Desak Nyoman Widyanthini^{1,2} | I. Made Ady Wirawan^{1,2} Dewa Nyoman Wirawan^{1,2}

Correspondence

Luh Putu Lila Wulandari, Department of Public Health and Preventive Medicine, Faculty of Medicine, Udayana University, JI P. B Sudirman, Denpasar, Bali 80232, Indonesia. Email: putuwulandari@gmail.com; lwulandari@unud.ac.id

Summary

Being ranked seventh among countries Introduction: with the highest number of new pediatric HIV infection, around 3% of new pediatric HIV infection worldwide occurs in Indonesia. UNAIDS has set a goal of elimination of mother-to-child HIV transmission, and private sector plays a critical role in achieving this goal. More than half of pregnant women in Indonesia seek antenatal care (ANC) services at private sectors, particularly at private midwife clinics. However, no published data is available on the rates of HIV testing uptake among pregnant women at these clinics, reflecting important gap on prevention of mother to child HIV transmission programmatic data.

Purpose: A longitudinal study was conducted to examine the rates of HIV testing uptake among pregnant women attending private midwife clinics in Bali and were referred to Voluntary HIV counselling and testing (VCT) clinics for a HIV test.

Methods: Seventy midwives from private clinics were asked to suggest women, who were deemed to be at risk of HIV, to seek HIV testing at the nominated VCT clinics and to provide the women with a referral. Data were then

¹Department of Public Health and Preventive Medicine, Faculty of Medicine, Udayana University, Bali, Indonesia

² Kerti Praja Foundation, Bali, Indonesia

analyzed to identify the percentage of women who took HIV testing at the VCT clinics among those referred by the midwives.

Results: The midwives referred 619 women to VCT clinics. Of the referred women, only 321 (52%; 95% CI, 47.8%-55.9%) took a HIV test at the appointed clinics. Among these who tested, three (0.9%) were HIV positive. This study identified a challenge in scaling up HIV testing coverage among women seeking ANC services at private sectors. Implications and recommendations are discussed.

KEYWORDS

HIV testing, antenatal HIV screening, PMTCT, private sectors, Indonesia

1 | INTRODUCTION

Indonesia ranks seventh among countries with the highest number of new pediatric HIV infection, with an estimate that around 3% of new pediatric HIV infection worldwide occurs in Indonesia.¹ Among the 10 376 HIV cases reported to the Ministry of Health in the first trimester of 2018 alone, 2.5% were among those aged 4 years old or younger.² Despite the scaling up of HIV testing among pregnant women in Indonesia, among 12 000 pregnant women living with HIV in Indonesia in 2017,³ only 25% of these were aware of their positive HIV status.⁴ This is in contrast with the 95-95-95 UNAIDS global target by 2030, which the first 95 refers to that 95% of those living with HIV know their HIV status.⁵

Pregnant women are considered as one of the prioritized group for HIV testing.⁶ UNAIDS's Start Free, Stay Free, AIDS Free initiative aims to close the remaining HIV prevention and treatment gap for children and expectant mothers. It sets a goal to end pediatric AIDS, one target of which is that every child should be born and remain HIV free (start free).⁷ The response to this commitment has been the Indonesian Health Minister's Regulation no. 52 of 2017 on the Elimination of Mother to Child Transmission of HIV, Syphilis and Hepatitis B Infection,⁸ which includes scaling up provision of HIV screening at antenatal care (ANC) services. Despite this regulation, recent data shows that only 10% of pregnant women in Indonesia were HIV tested.¹

Private sector plays a critical role in achieving the UNAIDS's goal. In Indonesia, one of the private sectors contributes significantly to primary health care services at the community is private midwives. The unique position of private midwives in Indonesia has been acknowledged, particularly in their paramount role in providing a front-line ANC for pregnant women in Indonesia. There is a high preference for private midwife clinics for ANC services. With estimated 5.3 million pregnancies every year, more than 52% of pregnant women in Indonesia seek ANC services at private midwife clinics, with the rest use other health facilities such as puskesmas (16.6%), posyandu (10%), poskesdes (6%), private obstetrician/general practitioner (GP) clinics (4.3%), hospitals (10%), and others (0.6%).

Unlike puskesmas, almost none of the private midwife clinics have in-house provision for HIV testing, so HIV testing cannot be conducted onsite. One of the strategies which is currently practiced, is that if the midwives at these private clinics are concerned with women's risk to HIV transmission, one way for them to get the women HIV tested is to refer the women to voluntary HIV counselling and testing (VCT) clinics. To date, however, there

Wiify | 1401

is no published evidence identifying the rate and predictors of HIV testing uptake among women who present for ANC services at private midwife clinics and are referred to a VCT clinic. A longitudinal study was carried out in Bali to fill this gap.

2 | METHODS

Yayasan Kerti Praja (YKP), one of several nongovernmental organizations in Bali that work to prevent HIV in Indonesia, ¹¹ conducted a Prevention of Mother to Child HIV Transmission (PMTCT) project to increase HIV awareness and participation of private midwives in referring pregnant women at risk of HIV to VCT clinics for testing. The project was conducted from June to December 2010 and involved 70 midwives from Badung and Denpasar, and the study was nested in this project. Badung and Denpasar were chosen because they comprised the first and second largest cumulative number of HIV/AIDS cases reported to the Bali Health Office. The 70 selected midwives at these districts met the criteria of servicing at least 10 women per day who sought ANC at their clinic, and opted to participate in the project, and women who sought ANC care at these clinics were approached to participate in the study.

In this PMTCT project, YKP trained the participating midwives with general knowledge of HIV and PMTCT, how to assess HIV risk among their clients, how to provide information on HIV and PMTCT to their clients, and how to suggest to the women that they visit one of five appointed VCT clinics for HIV testing. The midwives were also trained in how to conduct a brief risk assessment interview in a professional, nonjudgmental manner. Following this training, they were asked to provide information on HIV, VCT, and PMTCT to their clients and to undertake a risk assessment with the women, using a questionnaire that identified basic sociodemographic and risk behavior characteristics. The midwives were then asked to suggest that women, who are deemed to be at risk of HIV from the interview, to seek HIV testing at VCT clinics and to provide the women with a referral that contained some sociodemographic data and a code that could be linked to the data they had gathered from the interview session. Women were to take their referral with them to the nominated VCT clinics. At the end of the project, a PMTCT project officer collected the questionnaires used by the private midwives and the referrals handed in at the VCT clinics.

Data from this project was analyzed to examine the characteristics of the women referred by the midwives, the percentage of women who took HIV testing at the VCT clinics among those referred by the midwives, and predictors of HIV testing uptake. The main outcome variable of this study was the uptake of HIV testing, ie, the percentage of women who sought an HIV test among those who were referred by midwives during the project period. Descriptive analysis was conducted using medians for continuous variables and frequencies for categorical variables, followed by bivariate and multivariate analysis to identify predictors of HIV testing.

Sociodemographic characteristics and psychological factors were included in the analysis of predictors of HIV testing. These included sociodemographic characteristics that have been proven in other studies or are thought to be associated with HIV testing among pregnant women, such as age, 12 education, 13,14 number of children, 12 income, 14 area of residence, 13,14 employment, trimester of pregnancy, and distance to a VCT clinic and psychological characteristics as they are explained by the health belief model. 15 The model states that perceived risk/susceptibility, perceived severity of the disease, perceived benefits, and the perceived cost of seeking health will predict whether someone will follow a health strategy. Using this framework, the variables included were whether the woman had heard of HIV, knew someone with HIV, thought HIV was harmful, thought she was vulnerable to transmission, and thought HIV could be transmitted to her baby.

Bivariate analysis using logistic regression was conducted, with a *P* value of less than .05 considered to be significant and included in the multivariate analysis. Multivariate analysis with backward multivariable logistic regression was also conducted, with a *P* value of less than .05 considered significant. The STROBE guidelines were used to guide the reporting of the results.¹⁶

This study was approved by the Institutional Review Board of the University of Udayana/Sanglah General Hospital.

 TABLE 1
 Sociodemographic characteristics and the perceived risk of HIV among study participants

Variables	N	%
Area of living		
Denpasar	445	71.89
Badung	174	28.11
Age (median [IQR])	27	23-30
Origin		
Bali	474	76.70
Non-Bali	144	23.30
Trimester of pregnancy		
First	146	24.09
Second	255	42.08
Third	205	33.83
Education		
Junior high school or below	274	45.29
Senior high school or above	331	54.71
Income		
Less than IDR 1 million	144	34.04
IDR 1 million or above	279	65.96
Number of children		
0	298	48.30
1 or above	199	51.7
Heard anything of HIV		
No	398	64.51
Yes	219	35.49
Knew anyone with HIV		
No	583	94.18
Yes	36	5.82
Perceived HIV as harmful		
No	397	64.14
Yes	222	35.86
Perceived herself to be at risk of HIV		
No	529	85.46
Yes	90	14.54
Thought that HIV could be transmitted from m	other to baby during pregnancy	
No	403	65.11
Yes	216	34.89

Abbreviation: IQR, interquartile range.

3 | RESULTS

During the project period, midwives referred 619 pregnant women to VCT clinics. The majority of the pregnant women (71.9%) came from Denpasar, their ages ranging from 15 to 41 with a median of 27 (interquartile range

 TABLE 2
 Bivariate and multivariate analysis of predictors of HIV testing uptake

		HIV Testing Uptake		Bivariate Analysis		Multivariate Analysis	
Variables	Total	n	%	OR (95% CI)	P Value	OR (95% CI)	P Value
Area of living							
Denpasar	445	214	48.09				
Badung	174	107	61.49	1.72 (1.21-2.46)	.003	1.72 (1.21-2.46)	.003
Age				1.08 (0.92-1.26)	.36		
Pregnancy trimester							
First trimester	146	63	43.15				
Second and third trimester	460	246	53.48	1.51 (1.04-2.20)	.03	1.44 (0.98-2.10)	.06
Origin							
Bali	474	242	51.05				
Non-Bali	144	78	54.17	1.13 (0.78-1.64)	.51		
Education							
Junior high school or below	274	146	53.28				
Senior high school or above	331	171	51.66	0.94 (0.68-1.30)	.69		
Monthly income							
Less than IDR 1 million	144	79	54.86				
IDR 1 million or above	279	144	51.61	0.88 (0.59-1.31)	.53		
Number of children							
0	298	163	54.70				
1 or above	319	157	49.22	0.80 (0.58-1.10)	.17		
Heard anything of HIV							
No	398	213	53.52				
Yes	219	106	48.40	0.81 (0.59-1.13)	.22		
Knew anyone with HIV							
No	583	307	52.66				
Yes	36	14	38.89	0.57 (0.29-1.14)	.11		
Perceived HIV as harmful							
No	397	209	52.64				
Yes	222	112	50.45	0.92 (0.66-1.27)	.60		
Perceived herself to be at risk of				,,			
No	529	272	51.42				
Yes	90	49	54.44	1.13 (0.72-1.77)	.60		
Thought that HIV could be tran							
No	403	212	52.61	0 1 3 3 3			
Yes	216	109	50.46	0.92 (0.66-1.28)	.61		

Bold text represents statistical significance at the p < 0.05 level.

[IQR] 7 years). Almost half (42.1%) of the women were in their second trimester and said they had no previous children (48.3%). More than half (54.71%) had a top education level of senior high school or above and monthly income of IDR 1 million (US \$100) or above (65.96%). More than half (64.5%) said they had never heard of HIV, mentioned

that HIV was not harmful (64.1%), and said HIV could not be transmitted from mother to baby during pregnancy (65.1%). The majority (85.5%) thought they were not at risk of HIV infection (Table 1).

Among the women referred by the midwives, 321 (52%; 95% CI, 47.8%-55.9%) took an HIV test at the appointed VCT clinics. Among those who were tested, three (0.9%) were HIV positive.

The bivariate analysis showed that area of residence and pregnancy trimester were the only two characteristics that were statistically significant in regard to HIV testing uptake. In the multivariate analysis, only area of residence was still statistically significant. Women who lived in Badung were more likely to take up HIV testing than women who lived in Denpasar. (OR: 1.7; 95% CI, 1.2-2.5; P value = .003) (Table 2).

4 | DISCUSSION

Private sector plays a critical role in expanding HIV testing. With more than half of all pregnant women in Indonesia seek ANC services at private midwife clinics, expanding HIV testing opportunities to these women provides an improved chance to meet the UNAIDS 95-95-95 targets and its goal to end pediatric AIDS. In Indonesian context, given that HIV testing cannot be conducted onsite, if midwives at private clinics are concerned with women's risk to HIV transmission, one way for them to get the women HIV tested is to refer the women to VCT clinics. However, no data is available on how much of those referred to the VCT clinics were actually take the test. To our knowledge, this is the first published longitudinal study on rates of HIV testing uptake among women presenting at private midwife clinics in Indonesia. Given limited data available on PMTCT in private sectors, this study fills a huge gap in data on PMTCT services in private sectors in Indonesia. Our study found that following referral, only half of these women underwent an HIV test, and area of residence was associated with the uptake of testing.

Despite the intensive training provided to private midwives, only about 50% of the women referred by midwives to VCT clinics underwent an HIV test. This highlights a challenge to achieving the UNAIDS 95-95-95 targets¹⁹ while HIV testing is not available onsite at private clinics. Offering HIV tests at different facilities, as opposed to onsite, introduces inconvenience in terms of time and distance for women who might want to be tested.²⁰

The introduction of point of care HIV testing²¹ or that which can be taken at a time and place convenient to the client, such as self-testing,^{6,22} is therefore worthy of consideration. HIV self-testing is a practical testing strategy that has been used increasingly to screen high-risk populations. It is notable for its high impact, practicality, and acceptability among clients.²³ The WHO has formally recommended HIV self-testing as a means of reaching those who might be reluctant to seek HIV testing at VCT facilities; and it can be offered by lay workers.²² The use of lay workers to distribute self-testing kits onsite has yielded high acceptability, as shown in a study of pregnant women in rural India.²⁴ Given the WHO recommendation, as well as the practicality and high acceptability of HIV self-testing, the potential acceptability of HIV self-testing distributed by lay workers, or in this case private midwives, to pregnant women in the current setting is worth exploring.

The only predictor of HIV testing uptake identified by this study was area of residence. Women who lived in Badung were more likely to undergo an HIV test than women who lived in Denpasar. This association might arise because the Badung area involved in the project is more rural than Denpasar. In rural areas, midwives typically provide front-line services to women,²⁵ not only for ANC but for other health issues. The good relationship between women and midwives might positively affect their decision to take up HIV testing.²⁶ The influence of relationship factors on HIV testing behavior might be more critical given the stigma of HIV in this setting, as several studies in Indonesia noted a significant level of stigma in HIV care facilities.²⁷⁻²⁹ In Badung district, it may be the case that trust has been built between mother and midwife over a long period, making it relatively easy for midwives to encourage women to be HIV tested, even though they need to visit a different facility and despite the stigma surrounding HIV. In the absence of trust and good rapport between woman and midwife, midwives or other health workers might find it hard to refer pregnant women to HIV testing at other facilitates, particularly given the stigma associated with HIV.³⁰

Such complexities—the need of a good, trusting relationship between provider and client, and the stigma surrounding HIV—and the practicality of HIV self-testing strategy that can be distributed even by lay workers again suggest that it might be worth exploring HIV self-testing acceptability among pregnant women distributed through private midwives clinics. This is emphasized by a recent study that points to the high acceptability of the onsite self-testing strategy in the current setting and an improvement in testing rates even when lay workers distributed the tests to clients they knew only during the study period. The other advantage of the use of HIV self-testing has also been that it might also increase couple testing rates at antenatal setting.

Caution should, however, be taken when interpreting these results. Although the midwives were trained in how to conduct an interview during the project, bias might yet have slipped through; some questions were considered sensitive, and women might have been reluctant to provide true answers. The timeframe in which pregnant women were expected to visit a VCT clinic might also have been too short; perhaps the pregnant women visited a VCT clinic for testing after the project period and this was not recorded. Perhaps, too, the number of nominated VCT clinics was too limited; among the 40 VCT clinics available in in those two districts, 33 only five were appointed for involvement in the project. Besides these reservations, many women might be more likely to seek HIV testing in facilities that were not included in this project for other reasons. Finally, the profiles of pregnant women who seek ANC services at 70 midwives involve in this project might differ from those of other women who seek ANC at other private midwife clinics and who did not participate in this project.

5 | CONCLUSIONS

This study noted a low coverage of HIV testing among pregnant women who were approached in private midwife clinics where HIV testing is not available onsite. The rates were lower among women who lived in urban areas than those who lived in rural areas. It is therefore concluded that, first, despite significant numbers of pregnant women seek ANC services at private sector, there is a huge challenge on PMTCT program in this sector in Indonesia. Second, referring women to other health facilities for HIV testing creates difficulties, which might partly due to stigma around HIV. The introduction of a point of care testing strategy that enables midwives to screen their clients for HIV onsite is therefore worth trialing. HIV self-testing, as recommended by the WHO, is one of the point of care testing strategies that could reach those who are reluctant to seek testing at VCT clinics; its high acceptability has been proven, making it a strategy worthy of future consideration.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We would like to thank the midwives, VCT clinics, and pregnant women involved in this study. This study was nested in the PMTCT project conducted by Kerti Praja Foundation with funding from Bali International Women's Association (BIWA) and the Global Fund through the Indonesian Ministry of Health and Yayasan Pelita Ilmu. The funders had no role in this study.

The authors have no competing interests.

ORCID

Luh Putu Lila Wulandari https://orcid.org/0000-0002-3397-3648

Dinar S.M. Lubis https://orcid.org/0000-0002-8288-3892

I. Made Ady Wirawan https://orcid.org/0000-0003-2464-5260

REFERENCES

- 1. WHO. Review of the national health sector response to HIV in the Republic of Indonesia. 2017.
- Indonesian Ministry of Health. Trend in Reported Cases of HIV AIDS and STIs, First Trimester 2018. Jakarta: Indonesian Ministry of Health; 2018.
- 3. Key Facts on HIV: Indonesia. 2018. https://www.aidsdatahub.org/Country-Profiles/Indonesia. Accessed 6 February 2019.

- 4. Pendse R, Gupta S, Yu D, Sarkar S. HIV/AIDS in the South-East Asia region: progress and challenges. *J Virus Erad*. 2016;2(Suppl 4):1-6.
- 5. UNAIDS. Fast track ending the AIDS epidemic by 2030. 2014.
- 6. World Health Organisation. Consolidated Guidelines on HIV Testing Services. 2015.
- 7. UNAIDS. A super-fast track framework for ending AIDS in children, adolescents, and yound women by 2020. 2016.
- 8. Indonesian Ministry of Health. The Minister of Health Regulation no 52 of 2017 on Elimination of Mother to Child Transmission of HIV, Syphilis, and Hepatitis B Infection. Jakarta: Indonesian Ministry of Health; 2017.
- 9. White JJ, Callahan S, Lint S, Li H, Yemaneberhan A. Engaging private health providers to extend the global availability of PMTCT services: strengthening high impact interventions for an AIDS free generation (AIDSFree) Project. Arlington, VA: JSI Research & Training Institute, Inc.; 2016.
- 10. Indonesian Ministry of Health. Basic Health Survey. Jakarta: Indonesian Ministry of Health; 2013.
- 11. Wirawan DN. Trends in HIV prevalence, condom use and associated factors among female sex workers in Denpasar, Bali, Indonesia. Public Health and Preventive Medicine Archive; Vol 2 No 1 (2014): Public Health and Preventive Medicine Archive. 2014
- 12. Pignatelli S, Simpore J, Pietra V, et al. Factors predicting uptake of voluntary counselling and testing in a real-life setting in a mother-and-child center in Ouagadougou, Burkina Faso. *Trop Med Int Health*. 2006;11(3):350-357.
- Fabiani M, Cawthorne A, Nattabi B, Ayella EO, Ogwang M, Declich S. Investigating factors associated with uptake of HIV voluntary counselling and testing among pregnant women living in North Uganda. AIDS Care. 2007;19(6):733-739.
- 14. Gunn JKL, Asaolu IO, Center KE, et al. Antenatal care and uptake of HIV testing among pregnant women in sub-Saharan Africa: a cross-sectional study. J Int AIDS Soc. 2016;19(1):20605.
- 15. Rosenstock IM, Strecher VJ, Becker MH. The health belief model and HIV risk behavior change. In: DiClemente RJ, Peterson JL, eds. Preventing AIDS: Theories and Methods of Behavioral Interventions. New York, NY: Springer; 1994.
- 16. Vandenbroucke JP, von Elm E, Altman DG, et al. Strengthening the Reporting of Observational Studies in Epidemiology (STROBE): explanation and elaboration. *Int J Surg (London, England)*. 2014;12(12):1500-1524.
- 17. UNAIDS. Fast-Track: ending the AIDS epidemic by 2030 UNAIDS. 2014.
- 18. UNAIDS. Stopping new HIV infections among children and adolescents and providing treatment to women and children. 2016.
- 19. UNAIDS. Start Free, Stay Free, AIDS Free—a super-fast-track framework for ending AIDS among children, adolescents and young women by 2020. 2016.
- 20. Larsson EC, Thorson AE, Pariyo G, et al. Missed opportunities: barriers to HIV testing during pregnancy from a population based cohort study in rural Uganda. *PLoS ONE*. 2012;7(8):e37590.
- UNICEF, ASLM, CDC, et al. Key considerations for introducing new HIV point-of-care diagnostic technologies in national health systems. 2018.
- 22. World Health Organisation. Guidelines on HIV self-testing and partner notification: supplement to consolidated guidelines on HIV testing services. Geneva: World Health Organisation; 2016.
- Krause J, Subklew-Sehume F, Kenyon C, Colebunders R. Acceptability of HIV self-testing: a systematic literature review.
 BMC Public Health. 2013;13(1):735.
- 24. Khan S, Sharma P, Behera J, Shivkumar PV, Mehra S. Can oral fluid based rapid HIV test facilitated by frontline health workers provide a feasible option for screening among pregnant women in rural India? 22nd International AIDS Conference: 2018: Amsterdam, teh Netherlands.
- 25. Gibbons V, Lancaster G, Gosman K, Lawrenson R. Rural women's perspectives of maternity services in the midland region of New Zealand. *J Prim Health Care*. 2016;8(3):220-226.
- 26. Kwapong GD, Boateng D, Agyei-Baffour P, Addy EA. Health service barriers to HIV testing and counseling among pregnant women attending antenatal clinic; a cross-sectional study. BMC Health Serv Res. 2014;14(1):267.
- 27. Harapan H, Khalilullah SA, Anwar S, et al. HIV-related stigmatized attitudes among health care providers in Aceh, Indonesia: The findings from a very low HIV case-load region. *Polish Ann Med.* 2015;22(2):74-81.
- 28. Merati T, Supriyadi YF. The disjunction between policy and practice: HIV discrimination in health care and employment in Indonesia. *AIDS Care*. 2005;17(sup2):175-179.
- 29. Waluyo A, Culbert GJ, Levy J, Norr KF. Understanding HIV-related stigma among Indonesian nurses. *J Assoc Nurses AIDS Care*. 2015;26(1):69-80.
- Wulandari LPL, Lubis D, Rowe E, Wirawan D. The continuing challenges of stigma surrounding HIV in preventing successful implementation of PMTCT programs in Bali. Australasian HIV/AIDS Conference 2011; 2011; Canberra.

- 31. Wulandari LPL, Kaldor J, Guy R. Brothel-distributed HIV self-testing by lay workers improves HIV testing rates among men who purchase sex in Indonesia. 2018 Australasian HIV&AIDS Conference; 2018; Sydney.
- 32. Masters SH, Agot K, Obonyo B, Napierala Mavedzenge S, Maman S, Thirumurthy H. Promoting partner testing and couples testing through secondary distribution of HIV self-tests: a randomized clinical trial. *PLoS Med.* 2016;13(11): e1002166.
- 33. Indonesian Ministry of Health. HIV/AIDS and STIs Information System. Jakarta: Indonesian Ministry of Health; 2018.

How to cite this article: Wulandari LPL, Lubis DSM, Widarini P, Widyanthini DN, Wirawan IMA, Wirawan DN. HIV testing uptake among pregnant women attending private midwife clinics: challenges of scaling up universal HIV testing at the private sectors in Indonesia. *Int J Health Plann Mgmt*. 2019;34:1399–1407. https://org/10.1002/hpm.2807